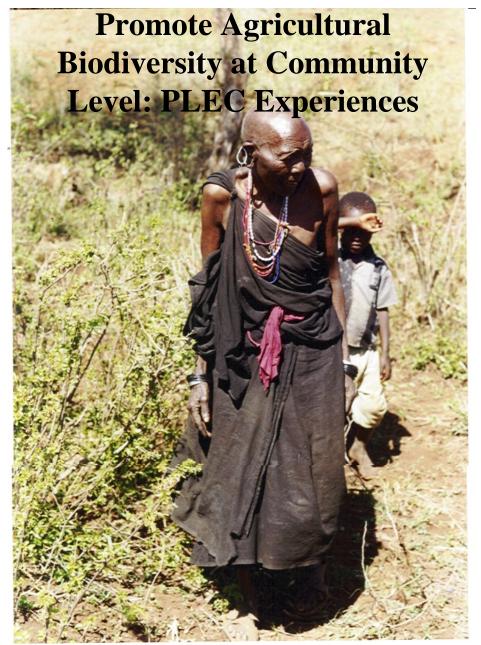
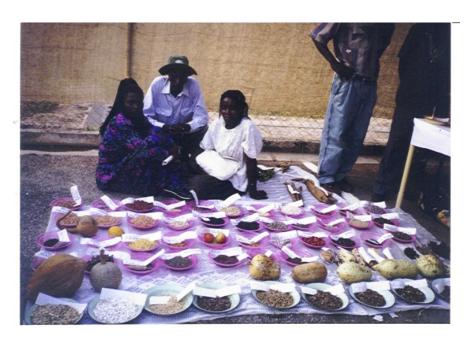
Practices to Enhance and







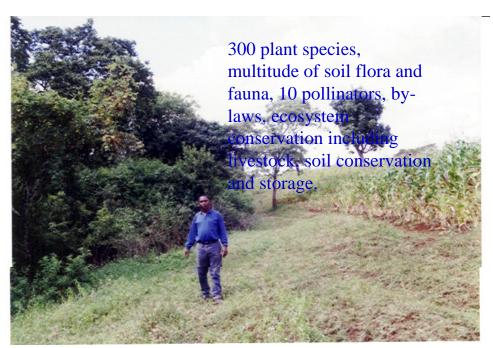


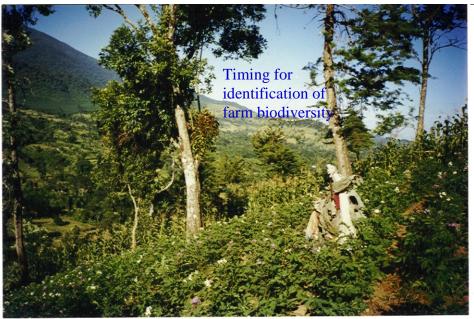


Diversity of crops and varieties at community level:



Diversity at farm level in terms of Agrobiodiversity and management diversity







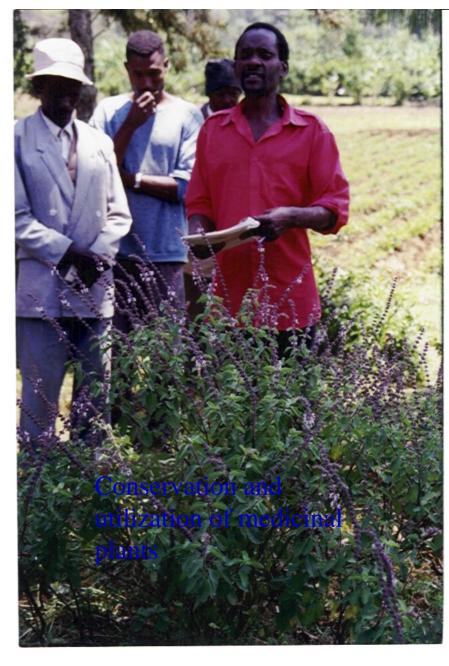








Sourcing technologies all round



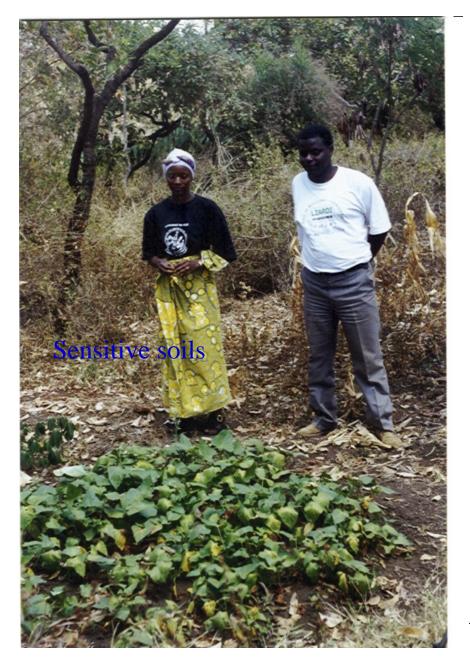
Species richness and utility indices for three management systems of a coffee/banana/maize/beans agroforestry system

High level	Soil management level	SR	UI
Rich 1	High level inputs and deposition	15	60
Rich 2	High level inputs non depositions	09	78
Average	Average level of inputs	12	67
Poor 1	Low level of inputs	20	55
Poor 2	Low level of inputs	17	59

SR = Species richness, UI = Utility Index

Soil management strategies to enhance soil quality

Management objective	Cropping system	Management strategies
Soil fertility improvement	Coffee/banana/maize/bea ns/in rotation with round potatoes	Appl of fym, incorp of crop residues, house refuse & weeds, sesbania, grevillea & composting.
	Maize/beans	Applic of fym, crop residues & trash lines
Soil moisture cons.	Coffee/banana/maize/bea ns/in rotation with round potatoes	Crop residues, mulching, trash lines, seteria, canopy cover.
	Maize/beans	Self mulching, spreading /incorporation of crop residues, trash lines.
Soil erosion control	Coffee/banana/maize/bea ns/in rotation with round potatoes	Rainfall interception by trees canopy, mulching, trashlines, flower hedges, sesbania sesban.
	Maize/beans	Trashlines, crop canopy.







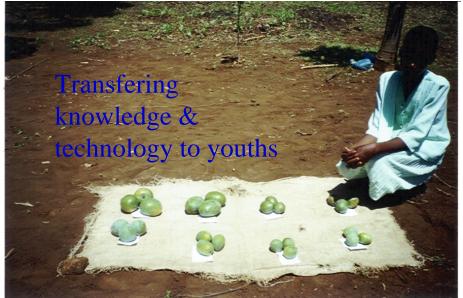




Selecting from many options of livestock diversity



Chicken and agroforestry became main agricultural enterprises for women especially the widows



Agroforestry in semi-arid environments e.g.Mangoes:

Dodo, Mviringo, Saforoni, Boribo, Achari. In one farm.





Enjoying the fruits of biodiversity conservation

